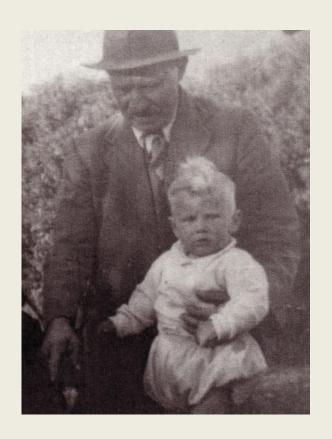
#### GREAT TO BE IN BERLIN FOR THE FIRST TIME, ON MY 75<sup>TH</sup> BIRTHDAY



Berlin is the birthplace of my grandfather (1871-1960) who immigrated to Australia as a child.

That's me and "Pop" c. 1943

I was born September 7, 1942, 75 years ago today in Rainbow, Victoria, Australia

# RESTORATON OF THE ICONIC SHAW BRIDGE

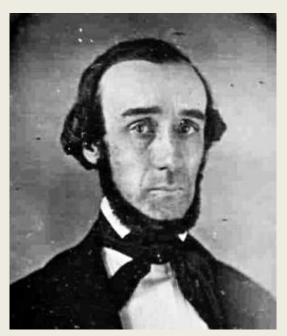
DR. IAN NITSCHKE
CLAVERACK NY
USA

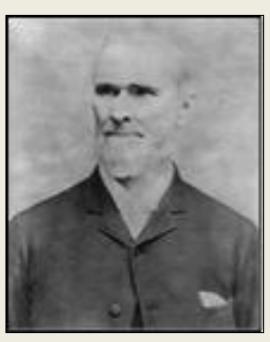
Ian.Nitschke@mac.com

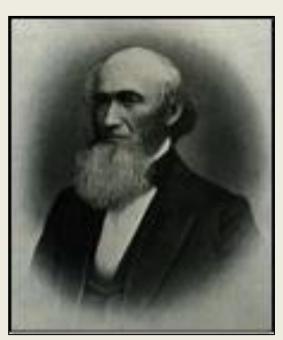
DR. FRANK GRIGGS
REXFORD NY
USA

fgriggsjr@twc.com

## THE STORY OF SQUIRE WHIPPLE THE GENIUS WHO DESIGNED THE SHAW BRIDGE







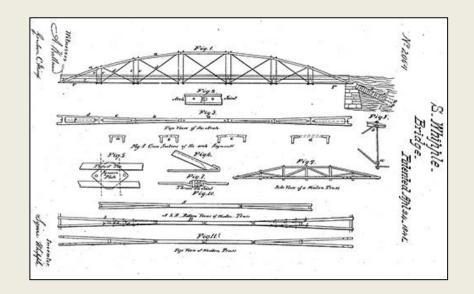
Young Mature Senior

### YOUNG SQUIRE WHIPPLE (1804-1839)

- Born Massachusetts, moved to New York State at 13
- Showed early remarkable aptitude:
  - Developed skills of carpenter, tinsmith, blacksmith, joiner in father's mills
  - Played the violin and was a thoughtful vegetarian –
     would not use animals as beasts of burden
  - Voracious reader, good student, studied law, graduated from Union College 1830
  - Designed and built mathematical instruments
- Worked on booming railways and Erie Canal

#### MATURE SQUIRE WHIPPLE (1840-1860)

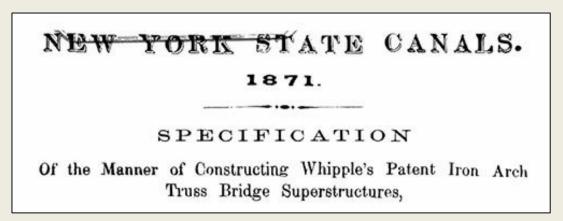
- Designed and built a 300 ton weigh lock scale (1841)
  - Largest weighing device at the time
- Designed and patented bowstring truss bridge (1841)

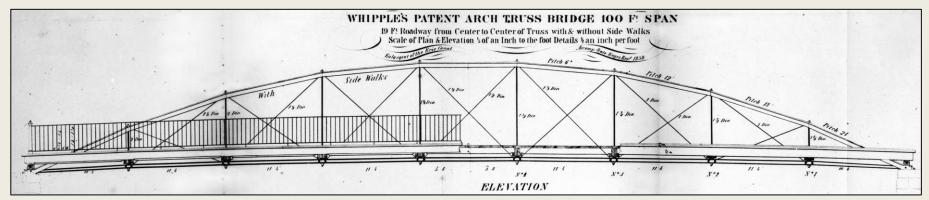


#### MATURE SQUIRE WHIPPLE

(1840-1860 - Continued)

 Whipple's Bowstring truss design adopted by the NYS Canal Commission as standard





 Hundreds of Whipple bowstring bridges built on Erie and its branch canals by Whipple or to his patent



Clinton Square, Syracuse NY (1878)

#### Hundreds of Whipple bowstring bridges built on Erie and its branch canals (continued)



#### Other Whipple bowstring bridges (like the Shaw Bridge) were built over waterways



**Croton Falls** 



Le Roy



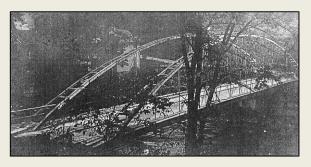
Lexington



**Port Henry** 

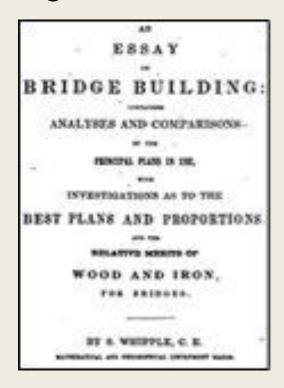


Wilt's Mill

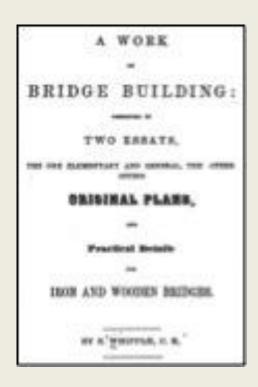


Rossman

- Wrote An Essay on Bridge Building (1846)
  - Compared bowstring with other trusses
  - Marked beginning of rational truss design

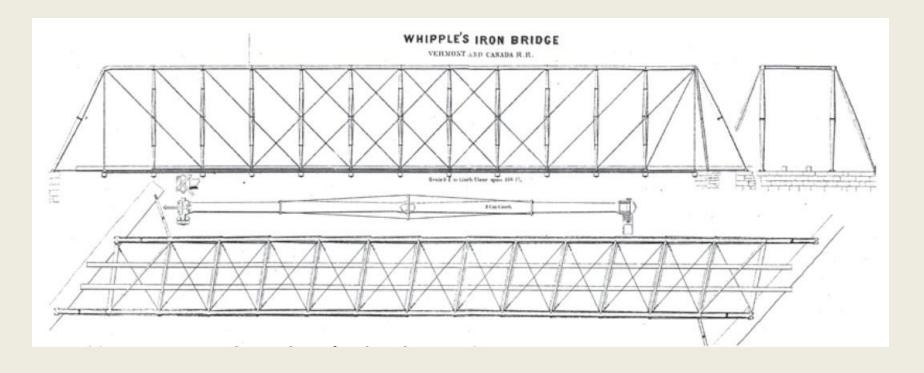


 Essay became part of seminal book A Work on Bridge Building (1847)



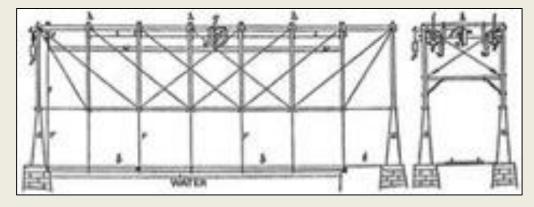
- A Work on Bridge Building (1847) by Squire Whipple
  - First time in the world, correct methods of analyzing and designing a truss were DOCUMENTED – still taught today
  - Used graphic statics long before Karl Culmann introduced it in his book *Die Graphishe Statik* (1865)

 Whipple went on to design and build the first long span trapezoidal railroad bridges that became the most common truss until 1880s

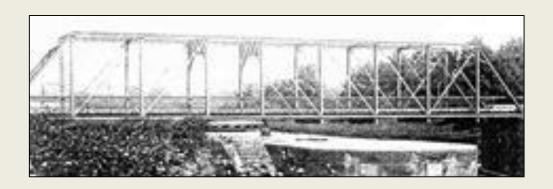


### SENIOR SQUIRE WHIPPLE (1861-1888)

Designed and built first vertical lift bridge

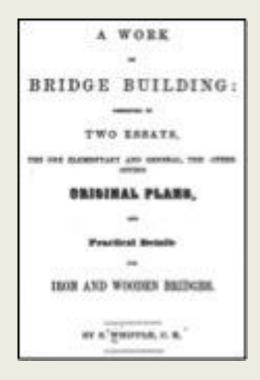


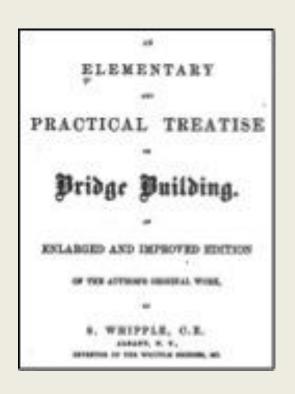
Designed and built swing bridges



#### SENIOR SQUIRE WHIPPLE (1861-1888 Continued)

- Updated his first book with an Appendix (1869)
- Wrote a more formal book Treatise on Bridge Building (1872 reprinted until 1899)





#### SENIOR SQUIRE WHIPPLE (1861-1888 – Continued)

- Contributed several articles to American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE)
- First person after the post-Civil War rebirth of the ASCE to be named and Honorary Member (1868)

### SENIOR SQUIRE WHIPPLE (1861-1888 – Continued)

- Died 1888 leaving widow Ann and no children
- Obituary in Engineering News noted:
  - The death of Squire Whipple ... removes from the engineering world a man who by his individuality and originality practically created the modern art of bridge construction; not only in substituting iron for wood in bridges but in also pointing out the law governing the distribution of strain in framed structures and the proper proportioning of the various members in such structures.

#### WHIPPLE'S IMPORTANCE CANNOT BE OVERSTATED

- First to document theoretical and mathematical principles for bridge design
- Promoted use of prefabricated iron components for mass production
- Promoted life-cycle costing
- Critically important for the development of the Enlarged Erie Canal
- Critically important for the development of the early railway industry
- Helped make New York State and New York City become world leaders in the 19th century

#### THE STORY OF THE CHARMING SHAW BRIDGE



- The Shaw Bridge is a double-span iron bowstring truss bridge
- Crosses Claverack Creek, a tributary of the Hudson River
- Built in 1870, along the important New York City to Albany Post Road

#### SHAW BRIDGE DESIGNER (1841)

- Designed by Squire Whipple
- As noted before, Whipple patented the design in 1841
- In 1846-47 Whipple published the design principles in the important book: "A Work on Bridge Building"

#### SHAW BRIDGE BUILDER (1870)

 Built in 1870 according Whipple's design by John D. Hutchinson from Troy NY (embossed in cast-iron trusses)



 John D. Hutchinson and his father John S. built more than 50 bridges to Whipple design

### SHAW BRIDGE NAME (Circa 1870)

- Traditionally, local bridges were named after the owner of the nearest farm, in this case William Shaw, so the bridge became the "Shaw Bridge"
- William Shaw's House Still Stands



William Shaw House 1892



William Shaw House 2016

### SHAW BRIDGE SPECIFICATIONS (Circa 1870)

 New York State Canals – 1871 – Specification of the Manner of Constructing Whipple's Patent Iron Arch Truss provides construction detail

#### NEW YORK STATE CANALS.

1871.

#### SPECIFICATION

Of the Manner of Constructing Whipple's Patent Iron Arch Truss Bridge Superstructures,

### SHAW BRIDGE PHOTOGRAPHED (Circa 1900)

 The bridge was photographed and featured on a postcard (published 1906-1909 in Germany) documenting the original state of the bridge



#### SHAW BRIDGE MOST SIGNIFICANT PERIOD (1870-1900)

- Postcard photograph of the Shaw Bridge shows that the wooden deck reaches through the trusses
- The New York State Canals 1871 Specifications
  provides guidance on exactly how the wooden deck
  goes through the trusses.

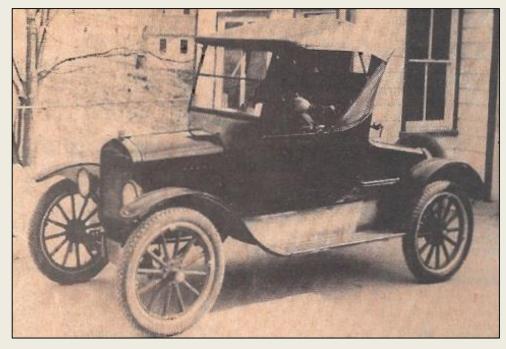
### SHAW BRIDGE BYPASSED (1931-1980)

- Post Road straightened and modernized in 1931 bypassing the Shaw Bridge which became little used Town of Claverack road
- However, during the 1938 hurricane, Shaw Bridge was one of few that was passable
- 1966 was the last time wooden deck structure was replaced

### SHAW BRIDGE CELEBRATED (1980)

 1980 ceremony celebrated Shaw Bridge's listing on National Register of Historic Places with parade of antique cars over the bridge led by a horse drawn buckboard and T Model Ford





### SHAW BRIDGE CLOSED (1989)



### SHAW BRIDGE RECENT HISTORY (1990-2017)







Rick Ehrenberg 2010



Ian Nitschke 2017

- 1990 unsuccessful attempts to restore bridge
- 1994 Jet Lowe (HAER) photographs bridge
- 2010 Rick Ehrenberg photos initiate new activity
- 2016 grant for half restoration funds (\$170,000)

#### STATE OF THE SHAW BRIDGE (2017)

- Despite neglect, bridge is in remarkably good condition and can be restored to original 1871 specifications and circa 1900 photograph
- Speaks well for Whipple's design and materials
  - 19th century cast & wrought iron more rust resistant than most modern steel
- Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties will be followed
  - Will use *Restoration* approach to retain materials from most significant period (circa 1870-1900)

#### SHAW BRIDGE – A POSSIBLE WORLD HERITAGE BRIDGE?

- Of the hundreds of Whipple Bowstring Bridges built, only eight historical bridges survive
  - 1. Shaw Bridge, Claverack NY (double span in original location)
  - 2. Normanskill Farm Bridge, Albany NY (moved twice)
  - 3. Ehrmentraut Farm Bridge, Monroe County, NY (moved twice)
  - 4. Vischer Ferry Bridge, Vischer Ferry NY (moved twice)
  - 5. Union College Bridge, Schenectady NY (moved twice)
  - 6. Black River Canal Bridge, Boonville NY (moved once)
  - 7. Rodrick Bridge, Licking County, Ohio (moved once)
  - 8. Hachiman Shrine Bridge, Japan (moved once)



Shaw (double span in original location)



Ehrmentraut Farm (moved twice)



Normanskill Farm (moved twice)



Vischer Ferry (moved twice)



Union College (moved twice)



Rodrick (Ohio – moved once)



Black River Canal (moved once)



Hachiman Shrine (Japan – moved once)

## SHAW BRIDGE – A POSSIBLE WORLD HERITAGE BRIDGE? (Continued)

- Shaw Bridge is the best example of a Whipple Bowstring Truss Bridge
  - The only double-span
  - The only one in its original location with all the original metal structure, stone abutments, and stone pier
  - Only the badly rotted wooden stringers and deck (replaceable by design) are not original
  - The wooden stringers and deck will be reconstructed according to the circa 1900 color postcard photo and the New York State Canals – 1871 – Specifications.

### SHAW BRIDGE – A POSSIBLE WORLD HERITAGE BRIDGE?

(Continued)

- To be included on the World Heritage List, sites must be of outstanding universal value and meet at least one out of ten selection criteria (see <a href="http://whc.unesco.org/en/criteria/">http://whc.unesco.org/en/criteria/</a>)
- The Shaw Bridge satisfies four of the selection criteria: (i), (ii), (iv), and (vi).

### SHAW BRIDGE – A POSSIBLE WORLD HERITAGE BRIDGE?

(Continued)

- (i) Represents a masterpiece of human creative genius [Squire Whipple]
- (ii) Exhibits an important interchange of human values, over a span of time or within a cultural area of the world, on developments in... technology [Whipple's 1847 book "A Work on Bridge Building" was the first to document scientific design principles for bridges and compares his first design (Bowstring Truss Bridge) with other bridge designs including the long span trapezoidal railroad bridges]

## SHAW BRIDGE – A POSSIBLE WORLD HERITAGE BRIDGE? (Continued)

(iv) An outstanding example of a type of ... technological ensemble which illustrates a significant stage in human history [Whipple Bowstring Truss – World's First Scientifically Designed Bridge]

(vi) Directly or tangibly associated with events or living traditions, with ideas, or with beliefs, with artistic and literary works of outstanding universal significance (preferably used in conjunction with other criteria) [Whipple's Bowstring Truss contributed to the success of the Erie Canal and the prominence of New York City and New York State in the 19th century]

#### SHAW BRIDGE – A POSSIBLE WORLD HERITAGE BRIDGE?

(Continued)

- The status of the Shaw Bridge as a world-class historic bridge is confirmed by three publications:
- First, the Shaw Bridge included in the book
   Great American Bridges and Dams by Donald L.
   Jackson with a foreword by renowned historian
   David McCullough

## SHAW BRIDGE – A POSSIBLE WORLD HERITAGE BRIDGE? (Continued)

 Second, in a 1996 article "Context for World Heritage Bridges", Eric DeLony (former chief of the National Park Service, Historic American Engineering Record), listed the 1867 Normanskill Whipple Bowstring Truss Bridge (not in its original location and only one span) among recommended world heritage bridges. The Shaw Bridge would be a much better candidate.

## SHAW BRIDGE – A POSSIBLE WORLD HERITAGE BRIDGE? (Continued)

 Third, in the oversize book of photos Bridges, A history of the world's most famous and important spans by Judith Depre with an introductory interview by celebrated architect Frank O. Gehry also lists the Albany (Normanskill) Whipple Bowstring Truss Bridge, but the Shaw Bridge, when restored, has a much greater claim to fame than the Normanskill Bridge.

## THE SHAW BRIDGE IS SUPREMELY IMPORTANT & CHARMING



- However, there is still a need to match the New York State \$170,000 grant with cash, in-kind services, and/or materials to restore the bridge.
- We are making progress with the help of Dr. Griggs but need your help as well.